BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

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BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL COUNTY OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

DON POOL COUNTY JUDGE

DOUG DAY COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 1

DURWOOD KOONSMAN COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 2

SAMMY LEACH COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 3

RONNY LIARDON COMMISSIONER, PRECINCT 4

ARLENE SWINEY TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR

B.J. SHEPHERD DISTRICT ATTORNEY

NATALIE KOEHLER COUNTY ATTORNEY

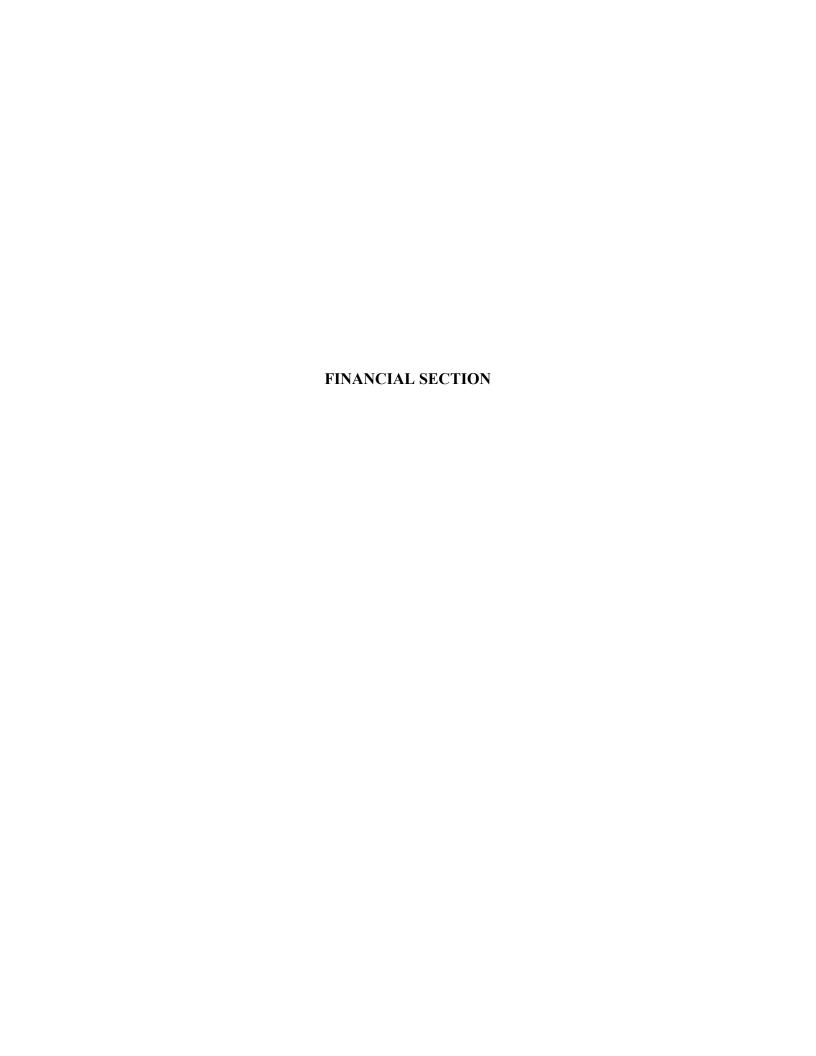
JUANITA MILLER DISTRICT CLERK

TABATHA FERGUSON COUNTY CLERK

CARLA SIGLER COUNTY TREASURER

ANTHONY MALOTT COUNTY SHERIFF

KENT REEVES COUNTY AUDITOR





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Commissioners' Court Bosque County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bosque County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bosque County, Texas, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension funding progress information on pages 8 through 14 and 48 through 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bosque County's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them. Boucher, Morgan & Young

Stephenville, Texas July 18, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

The management of Bosque County presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of Bosque County exceed its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$13.3 million. Of this amount, \$5.2 million in unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the County's fiscal policies.
- The County's total net position increased by \$1.24 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Bosque County's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$5.5 million of which \$934k is restricted for special purposes.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements — The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. This includes the Statement of Net Position and the statement of activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs (accrual basis), regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences.

Fund Financial Statements — A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities for objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be categorized as governmental funds. The focus of the fund financial statements is on major funds that meet minimum criteria (a percentage of assets, liabilities, revenue or expenditures of fund category and of the governmental funds combined), or those

that the County wishes to report as major.

Nonmajor funds are aggregated and shown in a single column. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains various individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Road and Bridge, and Capital Projects, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-24 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds — Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government.

The Fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 25 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements — The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26-46.

Required Supplementary Information Other than MD&A — Accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America require, in addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the report present certain required supplementary information. Retirement plan funding progress is included in this section along with schedules of actual and budgetary comparisons of the County's General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds.

Combining Statements and Schedules — The combining statements in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following required supplementary information in the County's financials.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS:

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$13.27 million as of September 30, 2016.

The largest portion of the County's net position reflected its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, building, and equipment), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, the assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

BOSQUE COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	2016		2015	
Revenues:				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$	1,928,280	\$	1,976,507
Operating Grants & Contributions		564,946		266,839
Capital Grants		=		-
General Revenues				
Property Taxes		7,061,343		6,612,956
Other Taxes		570,363		588,758
Investment Earnings		167,324		18,203
Miscellaneous		790,809		220,998
Gain in sale of fixed assets		-		
Total Revenues		11,083,065		9,684,261
Expenses:				
Governmental activities		9,836,458		9,623,563
Change in net position		1,246,607		60,698
Net position-beginning		12,023,378		11,962,680
Net position-ending	\$	13,269,985	\$	12,023,378

During the current fiscal year, the County's net position increased by \$1.24 million.

BOSQUE COUNTY'S NET POSITION

	2016	2015
Current and other assets	\$ 6,421,686	\$ 5,313,802
Capital assets	 6,411,489	 6,876,030
Total Assets	12,833,175	12,189,832
Deferred outflows	 865,200	245,437
Total assets and deferred outflows	 13,698,375	12,435,269
Current liabilities	138,697	215,511
Noncurrent liabilities	76,349	117,272
Total Liabilities	215,046	332,783
Deferred inflows	213,344	79,108
Net Position:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,362,620	6,801,341
Restricted	1,673,669	934,728
Unrestricted	5,233,696	 4,287,309
Total Net Position	\$ 13,269,985	\$ 12,023,378

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS:

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the General Fund was \$3.8 million, while total fund balance for all governmental funds was \$5.5 million.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the County's General Fund increased by \$1.1 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in no effect to the planned change in fund balance.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2016, amounts to \$6.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction of an Emergency Management Facility
- County Clerk Records System, installation, conversion and implementation
- Financial System installation, conversion and implementation
- New Vehicles for Sheriff's Department
- Purchase of land for the anticipated construction of Law Enforcement Center

Capital assets at year-end, net of accumulated depreciation were as follows:

BOSQUE COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END

	Governmental Activities				
	2016	2015			
Land	\$ 82,479	\$ 82,479			
Buildings and improvements	4,856,579	5,046,843			
Furniture and equipment	1,389,543	1,710,388			
Infrastructure	29,388	36,320			
Construction in process	53,500.00				
Total	\$6,411,489	\$6,876,030			

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's total long-term debt outstanding was solely comprised of capital leases payable with maturity dates from 2016 and 2017. Lease balances outstanding for leased equipment were as follows:

	 Governmental Activities					
	2016		2015			
Vehicles	\$ 25,549	\$	68,015			
Video equipment for cars	-		-			
NetData software	-		6,404			
	\$ 25,549	\$	74,419			

During the current fiscal year, Bosque County's debt related to capital leases changed by a net decrease of \$49 thousand.

Additional information on Bosque County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements of this report.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the County Auditor, 110 S Main Suite 308, Meridian, Texas 76665, or call (254) 435-2611.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Primary	y Government
	Gov	ernmental
	A	ctivities
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,097,915
Investments-current		2,603,015
Taxes receivable (net of allowances for uncollectible)		343,807
Fines receivable		275,767
Intergovernmental receivables		1,846
Prepaid items		71,684
Due from other governments		27,652
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		
Land		82,479
Infrastructure		29,388
Buildings, net		4,856,579
Furniture and equipment, net		1,389,543
Construction in process		53,500.00
Total Assets		12,833,175
100010	-	12,000,170
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
Deferred retirement contributions		150,316
Deferred actual vs. assumption		656,795
Deferred assumption/input changes		58,089
Total deferred outflows		865,200
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	13,698,375
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		210,355
Accrued liabilities		175,047
Noncurrent liabilities:		175,047
Due within one year		25,550
Due in more than one year		76,349
Net pension liability (asset) Total Liabilities		(272,255)
Total Liabilities		215,046
DEFERRED INFLOWS		
Deferred investment experience		213,344
Total deferred inflows		213,344
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets		6,385,940
Restricted for:		0,303,340
		1 672 660
Restricted for special revenue funds		1,673,669
Unrestricted net position	Φ.	5,210,376
Total Net Position The accompanying notes are an integral part of the	\$	13,269,985

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

					Progr	am Revenues
						perating
			C	harges for	G	rants and
	Expenses			Services		ntributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:						
Governmental Activities:						
Public finance	\$	726,392	\$	281,766	\$	69,942
General administration		2,316,854		131,756		-
Judicial		1,660,219		736,318		87,918
Law enforcement		3,387,506		103,217		298,542
Roads		1,742,487		675,223		108,544
Other - debt interest		3,000		-		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	9,836,458	\$	1,928,280	\$	564,946

General Revenues:

Property Taxes, levied for general purposes

Sales and other taxes

Miscellaneous revenue

Investment earnings

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and
Changes in Net Position

		Changes	III I VCC I OSICIOII			
Ca	apital					
Gra	nts and	Primary Governmental				
Conti	ributions		Activities			
\$	-	\$	(374,684)			
	-		(2,185,098)			
	-		(835,983)			
	=		(2,985,747)			
	=		(958,720)			
	-		(3,000)			
\$	-	\$	(7,343,232)			
			7,061,343			
			570,363			
			790,809			
			167,324			
			8,589,839			
			1,246,607			
			12,023,378			
		\$	13,269,985			

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2016**

	General		Road and		Capital	
		Fund	Bridge		Projects	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,156,634	\$	892,395	\$	304,414
Investments-current		2,259,376		76,000		202,286
Taxes receivable		307,098		35,169		1,181
Intergovernmental receivables		-		-		-
Due from other governments		27,652		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Prepaid items		55,093		15,444		-
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$	3,805,853	\$	1,019,008	\$	507,881
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Deficit cash	\$	1 42 476	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts payable Due to other funds		142,476		47,597		-
Wages and salaries payable		133,121		28,870		
Due to other governments		155,121		-		
Total Liabilities		275,597		76,467		-
Deferred Inflows:						
Deferred revenues		219,987		35,169		1,181
Fund Balances:		215,507		55,105		1,101
Nonspendable		55,093		15,444		_
Restricted		-		891,928		_
Assigned		_		-		506,700
Unassigned		3,255,176		_		-
Total Fund Balances		3,310,269		907,372		506,700

N	Vonmajor		Total
Go	vernmental	Go	overnmental
	Funds		Funds
\$	744,472	\$	3,097,915
	65,353		2,603,015
	359		343,807
	1,846.00		1,846
	-		27,652
	-		-
	1,147		71,684
\$	813,177	\$	6,145,919
\$	20,282	\$	210,355
	13,054		175,045
	33,336		385,400
			,
	359		256,696
	-		70,537
	781,741		1,673,669
	-		506,700
	(2,259)		3,252,917
	779,482		5,503,823
\$	813,177	\$	6,145,919

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 5,503,823
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$15,122,409 and the accumulated depreciation was \$8,764,420. In addition, long-term liabilities of \$74,418, including capital lease payables, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	6,709,890
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets with reductions in long-term debt in the Statement of Net Position. Lease proceeds are reported as other financing sources in the fund financial statements but are increases in long-term debt in the government wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2016 capital outlays, debt principal and lease proceeds is to increase net position.	117,741
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue and recognizing receivables only recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	532,460
The 2016 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(518,041)
The statement of net position includes the County's proportionate share of the TCDRS net pension liability (asset) as well as certain pension related transactions accounted for as Deferred Inflows and Outflows of resources. The net effect of including the beginning balances for the County's proportionate share of the TCDRS net pension liability (asset) as well as current year adjustments are as follows.	
Net pension asset (liability) Deferred retirement contributions Deferred investment experience Deferred actual vs. assumption Deferred assumption/input changes 272,255 150,316 (213,344) 656,795 Deferred assumption/input changes 58,090	924,112

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 13,269,985

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	General	Road and	Capital
	Fund	Bridge	Projects
REVENUE			
Taxes:			
Property taxes	\$ 6,034,988	\$ 964,133	\$ 32,321
General sales and use taxes	570,781	-	-
Auto registrations	-	401,520	-
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	335,751	218,807	-
Fines and fees	401,189	415,481	-
Forfeitures	150	-	-
Investment earnings	121,401	-	-
Other revenue	680,132	101,691	
Total Revenues	8,144,392	2,101,632	32,321
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government:			
Public finance	733,208	-	-
General administration	1,642,831	-	219,149
Judicial and Legal	1,258,221	-	-
Law Enforcement	2,843,021	-	-
Roads	-	1,598,692	-
Debt Service:			
Debt principal-capital leases	48,868	-	-
Debt interest-capital leases	3,000	-	-
Capital Outlay:			
Capital Outlay	171,205	170,589	
Total Expenditures	6,700,354	1,769,281	219,149
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,444,038	332,351	(186,828)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Proceeds from capital leases	_	_	_
Other revenue	1,040	_	40,107.00
Transfers in	-	81,512	-
Transfers out (use)	(382,133)	(81,512)	_
Insurance proceeds	-	-	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(381,093)		40,107.00
	(= 01,070)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,062,945	332,351	(146,721)
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,247,324	575,021	653,421
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 3,310,269	\$ 907,372	\$ 506,700

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Total Governmental Funds \$ 9,628 \$ 7,041,070 - 570,781 - 401,520 636,829 1,191,387 138,210 954,880 9,728 9,878 902 122,303 - 781,823 795,297 11,073,642 - 2,843,021 - 1,598,692 - 48,868 - 3,000 99,314 441,108 781,455 9,470,239 13,842 1,603,403 - - 13,906 55,053 430,866 512,378 (48,733) (512,378) - - 396,039 55,053 409,881 1,658,456 409,881 1,658,456			,	
Funds Funds \$ 9,628 \$ 7,041,070 - 570,781 - 401,520 636,829 1,191,387 138,210 954,880 9,728 9,878 902 122,303 - 781,823 795,297 11,073,642 - 2,843,021 - 2,843,021 - 1,598,692 - 48,868 - 3,000 99,314 441,108 781,455 9,470,239 13,842 1,603,403 - - 13,906 55,053 430,866 512,378 (48,733) (512,378) - - 396,039 55,053 409,881 1,658,456	N	onmajor	Total	
\$ 9,628 \$ 7,041,070 - 570,781 - 401,520 636,829 1,191,387 138,210 954,880 9,728 9,878 902 122,303 - 781,823 795,297 11,073,642 - 733,208 273,327 2,135,307 408,814 1,667,035 - 2,843,021 - 1,598,692 - 48,868 - 3,000 99,314 441,108 781,455 9,470,239 13,842 1,603,403 13,906 55,053 430,866 512,378 (48,733) (512,378) 396,039 55,053 409,881 1,658,456	Gov	ernmental	Governmental	
- 570,781 - 401,520 636,829 1,191,387 138,210 954,880 9,728 9,878 902 122,303 - 781,823 795,297 11,073,642 - 733,208 273,327 2,135,307 408,814 1,667,035 - 2,843,021 - 1,598,692 - 48,868 - 3,000 99,314 441,108 781,455 9,470,239 13,842 1,603,403		Funds	Funds	
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409,881 1,658,456		396,039	55.053	
		,		
		409,881	1,658,456	
369,601 3,845,367		369,601	3,845,367	
\$ 779,482 \$ 5,503,823	\$			

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Total Net Change in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds	\$ 1,658,456
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Proceeds from capital leases are shown as financial resources in fund financial statements but are increases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2016 capital outlays and changes in long-term debt principal is to increase net position.	102,368
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(518,041)
Net pension assets as well as the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources generated from those assets are not payable from current resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These balances increased (decreased) by this amount.	34,080
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, net of uncollectible taxes, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with long-term debt interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	(30,256)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,246,607

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2016**

		Agency Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	1,003,834 1,003,834	
LIABILITIES Due to other Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	1,003,834 1,003,834	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Bosque County was created in 1854 by the Texas Legislature under the provisions of Article 9, Section 1, of the Texas Constitution. The County operates under a commission form of government in which the Commissioners' Court composed of four County Commissioners, presided over by the County Judge, is the governing body. The Commissioners' Court is a court of limited jurisdiction empowered to do only those things which are specifically authorized by the State Constitution or by statute.

The financial statements of Bosque County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for established governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The County is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected four-member Commissioners' Court and County Judge and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the County's financial reporting entity. Based on these considerations, no other entities have been included in the County's reporting entity. Additionally, as the County is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Consideration regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the County's financial reporting entity is based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the County is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the County's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body; it is legally separate; and it is financially independent of other state and local governments. Additional prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and considerations pertaining to other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are to be reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities or any component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied, net of estimated uncollectible amounts. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> is used to account for the operation, repair and maintenance of roads and bridges.

The <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of general capital assets.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

<u>Agency Funds</u> These funds are used to report funds of the County's fees offices and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the government are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. As of September 30, 2016 the following allowances for property tax receivables were estimated by management, General fund \$93,588, Capital Improvement fund \$508, Jury fund \$152 and the Road and Bridge fund \$14,961. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles, which was \$0 as of September 30, 2016. The County's property taxes are levied annually in October on the basis of the Appraisal District's assessed values as of January 1 of that calendar year. Appraisal values are established by the Appraisal District at market value and assessed at 100% of appraised value less exemptions. The County's property taxes are billed and collected by the Tax Assessor/Collector. Such taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are levied and become delinquent with an enforceable lien on property on February 1 of the subsequent calendar year. Property taxes are prorated between operations, road and bridge, and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. For the current year, the County levied property taxes of \$0.4365 per \$100 of assessed valuation that were prorated between General, Road and Bridge, Capital Projects and Jury Funds. The resulting adjusted tax levies were based on a total adjusted taxable valuation of approximately \$1,509,030,778 for the 2016 tax year.

Prepaid Expenditures

When payment is made to a supplier of goods or services prior to the receipt of the goods or realization of the service, then the amount expended in excess of value received is recorded as a prepaid item.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, construction in progress, and infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities for the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Transfers

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to move unrestricted revenue collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Furniture and Equipment	5-15
Infrastructure	20

Compensated Absences

The county's employees earn vacation and compensatory time which may either be taken or accumulated, up to certain amounts, until paid upon resignation or retirement. All vacation leave and compensatory time pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

The current policy for vacation pay is that vacation pay accrues as of the "annual" anniversary date of each employee. Vacation leave from 10 to 15 days per year may be earned, based on longevity. Compensatory time accrues at 5 days a year up to a maximum paid benefit for entitlement of 10 days.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, would be deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable would be reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. There was no bonded debt of the County as of September 30, 2016.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, and expense bond issuance costs during the current periods in which they occur. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. There were no bonded indebtedness payments made by the County during the year ended September 30, 2016.

Net position and Fund Equity

In government-wide financial statements net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal on related debt. Net investment in capital assets does not include the unspent proceeds of capital debt.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position are considered unrestricted.

When both restricted and unrestricted sources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$1,673,669 of restricted assets, primarily restricted for specified purposes as designated by grantors, contributors, by vote of citizens, or governmental entities over state or local program grants.

Fund Balance Classification- The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable - Resources which cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or; b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Resources with constraints placed on the use of resources are either a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Resources which are subject to limitations the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

Assigned - Resources neither restricted nor committed for which a government has a stated intended use as established by those charged with governance or an official to which to those charged with governance has delegated the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – Resources which cannot be properly classified in one of the other four categories. There are no governmental funds that reported a positive unassigned fund balance amount at year end. Unassigned balances also include negative balances in the governmental funds reporting resources restricted for specific programs.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one sources: property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS' Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position provides a summary of differences in accounting for funds and the total government net position. The primary elements reported differently are capital assets which are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Following are details of the summarized reconciliation amounts:

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Beginning of year capital assets and debt:	
Capital assets	\$ 15,122,410
Accumulated depreciation	(8,246,380)
Long-term capital leases	(74,418)
Accumulated compensated absences	(91,722)
Total capital asset debt adjustment beginning of year	\$ 6,709,890
Current year capital outlay and debt service:	
Capital outlay	\$ 53,500
Fixed asset disposals net of accum depreciation	-
Decrease in compensated absences	15,373
Debt principal payments	48,868
Total capital asset debt adjustment current year	\$ 117,741
Other reclassification reconciliation items:	
Record fines receivable	\$ 275,767
Eliminate deferred revenue on taxes	 256,696
Total other summarized adjustments	\$ 532,463
To record pension liability	
Net pension asset (liability)	\$ 272,255
Deferred retirement contributions	150,316
Deferred investment experience	(213,344)
Deferred assumption/input changes	58,090
Deferred actual vs. assumption	656,795
- -	\$ 924,112

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities provides summarized reconciliation amounts indicating differences in accounting methods between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement and the changes in net position of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. The differences are again primarily related to current year capital outlays and debt principal payments presented as expenditures in the fund financial statements, but shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. Details of the various summarized amounts from the reconciliation are as follows:

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Current year capital outlay and debt service:	
Capital outlay	\$ 53,500
Debt principal payments	48,868
Total capital asset debt adjustment current year	\$ 102,368
Various other reclassifications current year changes: Change in deferred revenue Change in fines receivable Change in compensated absences	\$ 20,273 (70,437) 15,373
Other	711
Total other reclassifications	\$ (34,080)

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGET DATA

The budget amounts presented in the required supplementary information include the original and final authorized amounts as amended during the year. In accordance with state statutes, an annual budget is adopted for certain governmental funds of the County in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The procedures followed by Bosque County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are presented below.

Budget Preparation

The County Judge, as the responsible budget officer, causes budget guidelines to be issued. Upon receiving operating requests from County officials, the County Judge submits a proposed operating budget covering the General, Road and Bridge, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds to the Commissioners' Court. The budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Public Hearings

After proper publication of notices in compliance with various state statutes, a budget hearing for the purpose of obtaining public and taxpayer comments is conducted by the Commissioners' Court. Related public hearings are held regarding the proposed tax rates required to finance the proposed budget.

Budget Adoption

Following the public hearings, the Commissioners' Court makes such changes as may be warranted in the budget and adopts the budget through the passage of an order at one of its regularly scheduled meetings.

3. <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)</u>

Budget Amendments

The Commissioners' Court, at its discretion, can transfer expenditures from one appropriation to another. The total expenditures may not be increased without additional public hearings.

4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2016, the County's cash deposits were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's bank in the County's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

TexPool is organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, which is authorized to operate TexPool. In addition, the TexPool Advisory Board advises on TexPool's Investment Policy. This Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

TexPool is subject to annual review by an independent auditor consistent with the Public Funds Investment Act. In addition, TexPool is subject to review by the State Auditor's Office and by the Internal Auditor of the Comptroller's Office.

Investments held by the County at September 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Historic Cost	Fair Value	Credit Rating
Tex Pool	\$102,366	\$102,366	AAAm

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy does address the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end and during the year ended September 30, 2016 were covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Thus positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The County's securities are all in securities backed by the United States of America and are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Other Credit Risk - There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To minimize credit risk, TexPool's investment policy allows the portfolio's investment manager to only invest in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies' repurchase agreements; and no-load AAAm money market mutual funds registered with the SEC. As of September 30, 2016 TexPool's investments credit quality rating was AAAm (Standard & Poor's).

The County's general policy is to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with the market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest earning investment contracts.

4. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)**

B. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2016 except for agency funds of the County to the respective fund. The interfund receivables have not been eliminated from the statement of net position because agency funds assets and liabilities are not reported as assets owned by the government.

A pooled cash account is used to account for many of the governmental funds cash in bank. Several of the funds have a deficit cash balance included in the pooled cash account. The governmental fund financial statements present the negative cash balances as deficit cash rather than as having temporarily borrowed the cash from other governmental funds with positive cash balances. The government-wide financial statements present the cash in the consolidated balance of cash in the bank at year end.

C. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the County for the year ended September 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Sep	tember 30,					Sep	tember 30,
		2015	Increase		D	ecrease		2016
Government activities capital assets:								
Non-depreciable assets:								
Land	\$	82,479	\$	-	\$	-	\$	82,479
Construction in process				53,500				53,500
Total non-depreciable assets		82,479		53,500		-		135,979
Depreciable assets:								
Buildings	8	3,342,007		-		-	:	8,342,007
Furniture and equipment	ϵ	5,378,005		-		77,003	(5,301,002
Infrastructure		319,919		-		-		319,919
Total depreciable assets	15	5,039,931		-		77,003	14	4,962,928
Totals at historic cost	15	5,122,410		53,500		77,003		5,098,907
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings	3	,295,164		190,266		-		3,485,430
Furniture and equipment	4	,667,617		320,843		77,003	4	4,911,457
Infrastructure		283,599		6,932		-		290,531
Total accumulated depreciation	8	3,246,380		518,041		77,003		8,687,418
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net		5,793,551		(518,041)				6,275,510
Governmental capital assets, net	\$ 6	5,876,030	\$	(464,541)	\$		\$ (6,411,489

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Current year depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General administration	\$ 150,612
Law enforcement	163,693
Road and bridge	150,612
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 518,041

E. ACCUMULATED UNPAID ANNUAL LEAVE

Accumulated unpaid annual leave amounts are not accrued in governmental funds using the modified accrual basis of accounting, but are reflected in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. At September 30, 2016, accrued employee benefits recorded on the Statement of Net Position were for accumulated vacation pay and amounted to \$76,348, a decrease of \$15,374 from the previous year end.

F. LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the County did not enter into any new capital lease agreements. The combined monthly principal and interest payments for existing leases will be \$3,697.

Capital lease agreements made in previous years are also secured by equipment and continue to require payments expiring 2017.

Capital lease debt service requirements are as follows:

Year E	Ended	Total	Total	Total
Septem	ber 30,	Principal	Interest	Requirements
	2017	25,548	335	25,883

Amortization of leased buildings and equipment under capital assets is included with depreciation expense.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2016 was as follows:

		g inding ns Balance	 ductions	Endi Balar Reduct	nce	Due Within On Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Capital leases payable, secured							
by equipment Capital leases payable, secured Other Liabilities:	\$ 74,417	\$ -	\$ 48,869	\$ 25	,548	\$ 25,548	
Other Liabilities: by equipment Compensated absences	91,722\$	74,417	\$ 15,373	\$ _{\$} 48	,869	\$ 38,175 ⁵ 48	\$ 25,548
Other Lindbigities nmental activities							
locuterpelishilitieabsences	\$ 256,660	<u>991,722 - </u>	\$ 64,242	\$ 11051	<u>,893</u>	\$ 63, 7 7 <u>8</u> 33 <u>4</u> 9	38,175
Total governmental activi	ties						
long-term liabilities	\$	256,660	\$ 	\$ 64	,242	\$ 101,897	\$ 63,723

G. RISK MANAGRISK MANAGEMENT

Health Insurance

During the year ended September 30, 2016 employees of Bosque County were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The County paid annual health insurance premiums of \$743,000. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll deductions to pay any additional cost for dependent coverage. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

Workers' Compensation

During the year ended September 30, 2016, employees of Bosque County were covered by a workers' compensation plan administered by the Texas Association of Counties. The County paid a contribution of \$42,294 for the year ended September 30, 2016. These figures are subject to change based upon actual payroll figures.

Contingencies

The County participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies: therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

4. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)**

Litigation

The County's Attorney has indicated that there are various claims and lawsuits filed and pending against the County. The claims are being strongly defended by the County. As of September 30, 2015, the potential liability of the County cannot be reasonably estimated, but is not expected to have a material impact on the County's financial position.

H. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 677 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034.

Benefits Provided

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can expect to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

At the December 31, 2015 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees of beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	64
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	105
Active employees	118
	287

Contributions

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable Rate) plan provision of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually.

The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 4.70% for the calendar year ending in 2015. The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2015 is the rate of 5% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee and employer deposit rates may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Net Pension Liability

The employer's Net Pension Liability (NPL) for the year ended September 30, 2016, was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 3.0% per year Overall payroll growth 4.9% per year

Investment Rate of Return 8.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 4.9%.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Mortality rates for depositing members were based on the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for males and females as appropriate, with adjustment, with the projection scale AA. Serve retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members were based on RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for males and females as appropriate, with adjustments, with the projection scale AA. Disabled retirees were based on RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for males and females as appropriate, with adjustments, with the projection scale AA

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 – December 31, 2012, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The numbers shown are based on January 2015 information for a 7-10 year time horizon and are re-assessed at a minimum every four years, and it is set based on a 30-year time horizon, the most recent analysis was performed in 2013 based on the period January 1, 2009 – December 31, 2013. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return (net of inflation, assumed at 1.7%) for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation (as adopted by the TCDRS board in April 2016) are summarized below:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus inflation)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	14.5%	5.45%
	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital		
Private Equity	Index	14.0%	8.45%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	1.5%	5.75%
	50% MSCI World Ex USA (net) + 50% MSCI World ex USA		
International Equities - Developed	100% Hedged to USD (net) Index	10.0%	5.45%
	50% MSCI EM Standard (net) Index + 50% MSCI EM 100%		
International Equities - Emerging	Hedged to USD (net) Index	8.0%	6.45%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index	3.0%	1.00%
High-Yield Bonds	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.0%	5.10%
Opportunistic Credit	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	2.0%	5.09%
Direct Lending	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	5.0%	6.40%
Distressed Debt	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.0%	8.10%
	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% FRSE		
REIT Equities	EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index	3.0%	4.00%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.0%	6.80%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index	5.0%	6.90%
Î	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite		
Hedge Funds	Index	25.0%	5.25%
Total		100.0%	

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.1%. Using the alternative method, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments based on the funding requirements under the County's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the County is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The County assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the County is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and the net pension liability of the County is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments.

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net				
	Liability	Net Position	Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
Balance at 12/31/2014	\$ 8,386,929	\$ 9,110,628	\$ (723,699)		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	353,975	-	353,975		
Interest on total pension liability	677,368	-	677,368		
Effect of plan changes	(59,580)	-	(59,580)		
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(240,907)	-	(240,907)		
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	87,134	-	87,134		
Refund of contributions	(35,657)	(35,657)	-		
Benefit payments	(395,560)	(395,560)	-		
Administrative expenses	-	(6,535)	6,535		
Member contributions	-	200,972	(200,972)		
Net investment income	-	(714)	714		
Employer contributions	-	188,913	(188,913)		
Other	-	(16,090)	16,090		
Net changes	\$ 386,773	\$ (64,671)	\$ 451,444		
Balance at 12/31/2015	\$ 8,773,702	\$ 9,045,957	\$ (272,255)		

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7.1%) or 1-percentage point higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

Total pension liability
Fiduciary net position
Net pension liability (asset)

Di	1% Decrease in iscount Rate (7.1%)	I	Discount Rate (8.1%)]	1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.1%)
\$	9,864,496	\$	8,773,702	\$	7,867,959
	9,045,957		9,045,957		9,045,957
\$	818,539	\$	(272,255)	\$	(1,177,998)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.tcdrs.org.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$202,108.

As of September 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Γ	Deferred	Г	Deferred
	Iı	ıflows of	Οι	ıtflows of
	R	esources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	213,343	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		58,090
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-		656,786
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		-
Total	\$	213,343	\$	714,876

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Valuation year ended December 31:								
2016	\$ 91,794							
2017	91,794							
2018	169,421							
2019	148,534							
2020	-							
Thereafter	-							

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

						Actual		riance With
	Ru	dgeted	Amo	nints	G	AAP BASIS	Г	Positive
	Original			Final	(See Note)		(Negative)	
REVENUES:	o i i giii i	-		1 11141		(20011000)		i (oguil (o)
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$ 6,192,	694	\$	6,192,694	\$	6,034,988	\$	(157,706)
General sales and use taxes	502,	000		502,000		570,781		68,781
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	428,	483		428,483		335,751		(92,732)
Fines and fees	369,	100		369,100		401,189		32,089
Forfeitures	2,	000		2,000		150		(1,850)
Investment earnings	20,	000		20,000		121,401		101,401
Other revenue	486,	560		486,560		680,132		193,572
Total Revenues	8,000,	837		8,000,837	_	8,144,392		143,555
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government:								
Public finance	797,	534		794,579		733,208		61,371
General administration	2,434,	816		2,395,722		1,642,831		752,891
Judicial	1,098,	830		1,100,867		1,258,221		(157,354)
Law enforcement	3,078,	017		3,101,266		2,843,021		258,245
Debt Service:								
Debt principal-capital leases		-		-		48,868		(48,868)
Debt interest-capital leases		-		-		3,000		(3,000)
Capital Outlay:								
Capital outlay	246,	332		220,673		171,205		49,468
Total Expenditures	7,655,	529		7,613,107		6,700,354		912,753
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	345,	308		387,730		1,444,038		1,056,308
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Other Revenue		-		-		1,040		1,040
Proceeds from sale of property		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	(519,000	0.00)		(519,000)		(382,133)		-
Insurance proceeds		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(519,	000)		(519,000)		(381,093)		1,040
Change in Fund Balance	(173,	692)		(131,270)		1,062,945		1,057,348
Fund Balance-Beginning	2,247,			2,247,324		2,247,324		_
			Ф.		ф.		Φ.	1.057.240
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ 2,073,	032	\$	2,116,054	\$	3,310,269	<u>\$</u>	1,057,348

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

						Actual	Fi	riance With
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					AP BASIS		Positive
		Original		Final	(5	See Note)	(1	Negative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes:	Φ.	004.221	Φ.	004.221	Ф	064.122	Ф	(20.100)
Property taxes	\$	984,321	\$	984,321	\$	964,133	\$	(20,188)
Auto registrations		380,000		380,000		401,520		21,520
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		171,184		171,184		218,807		47,623
Fines and fees		430,000		430,000		415,481		(14,519)
Investment earnings		25		25		-		(25)
Total Revenues		1,965,530		1,965,530		1,999,941		34,411
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Roads		1,942,651		1,947,393		1,598,692		348,701
Debt Service:								
Debt principal-capital leases		-		-		-		-
Debt interest-capital leases		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay:								
Capital outlay		212,550		212,589		170,589		42,000
Total Expenditures		2,155,201		2,159,982		1,769,281		390,701
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		(189,671)		(194,452)		230,660		425,112
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Other revenue		41,225		46,186		101,691		55,505
Proceeds from capital leases		, -		-		-		_
Transfers in		566,048		566,048		81,512		(484,536)
Transfers out (use)		(326,047)		(326,047)		(81,512)		244,535
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		281,226		286,187		101,691		(184,496)
Change in Fund Balance		91,555		91,735		332,351		240,616
Fund Balance-Beginning		575,021		575,021		575,021		-
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	666,576	\$	666,756	\$	907,372	\$	240,616
	<u> </u>	000,0.0		555,750		, , , , , , , 2		2.0,010

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

						Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
		Budgetee	l Amo			AP BASIS	Positive	
	(Original		Final	(See Note)		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	32,998	\$	32,998	\$	32,321	\$	(677)
Investment earnings		100		100				(100)
Total Revenues		33,098		33,098		32,321		(777)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government:								
Major repairs		335,000		335,000		219,149		115,851
Capital Outlay:								
Capital outlay		150,000		150,000		-		(150,000)
Total Expenditures		485,000		485,000		219,149		(34,149)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Other revenue		-		-		40,107		40,107
Transfers in		320,000		320,000		-		(320,000)
Transfers out (use)		-		-		-		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		320,000		320,000		40,107.00		(279,893.00)
Change in Fund Balance		(131,902)		(131,902)		(146,721)		(314,819)
Fund Balance-Beginning		653,421		653,421		653,421		-
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	521,519	\$	521,519	\$	506,700	\$	(314,819)

BOSQUE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)

Total Pension Liability	 2015	 2014
Service Cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Effect of assumption changes or inputs Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	\$ 353,975 677,368 (59,580) - (240,907) 87,134	\$ 318,363 638,921 - (105,477)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(431,217)	(385,900) 465,907
Total Pension Liability, beginning	 8,386,929	7,921,023
Total Pension Liability, ending (a)	\$ 8,773,702	\$ 8,386,930
Fiduciary Net Position		
Emloyer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expenses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other	\$ 188,913 200,972 (714) (431,217) (6,535) (16,090)	\$ 175,546 182,862 595,482 (385,900) (6,824) (47,154)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(64,671)	514,012
Fiduciary Net Position, beginning	9,110,628	8,596,618
Fiduciary Net Position, ending (b)	\$ 9,045,957	\$ 9,110,628
Net Pension Liability (Asset), ending = (a) - (b)	\$ (272,255)	\$ (723,700)
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	103.10%	108.63%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 4,019,432	\$ 3,629,498
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	-6.77%	-19.94%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 67/68, they should not be shown here. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

BOSQUE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Years

Year Ending December 31	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payoll
2006	49,492	140,604	(91,112)	2,812,073	5.0%
2007	57,757	147,339	(89,582)	2,946,780	5.0%
2008	52,825	159,113	(106,288)	3,182,250	5.0%
2009	54,527	175,894	(121,367)	3,517,872	5.0%
2010	74,638	252,401	(177,763)	3,605,722	7.0%
2011	68,340	88,067	(19,727)	3,522,655	2.5%
2012	70,841	85,146	(14,305)	3,405,794	2.5%
2013	113,043	146,796	(33,753)	3,364,368	4.4%
2014	174,216	175,546	(1,330)	3,629,498	4.8%
2015	188,913	188,913	<u>-</u>	4,019,432	4.7%

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL BUDGET POLICIES

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The County Judge, as budget officer, with the assistance of the County Auditor, prepares a budget to cover all proposed expenditures and the means for financing them for the fiscal year beginning October 1, and submits the proposed budget to the Commissioners' Court. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis, which is consistent with the fund financial statements.
- The Commissioners' Court holds budget hearings for the public to make comments.
- The Commissioners' Court, prior to October 1, formally adopts the budget in an open court meeting.
- The adopted budget becomes the authorization for all legal expenditures for the County for the fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

The formally adopted budget may be legally amended by commissioners in accordance with Article 689A-11 or 689A-20 of Vernon's Annotated Civil Statutes.

The County maintains its legal level of budgetary control at the department level. Amendments to the 2016 budget were approved by the Commissioners' Court as provided by law throughout the year. All departmental expenditures remained within the appropriations budgets for the year.

ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at September 30, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

RETIREMENT SCHEDULES

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later. GASB 68, Paragraph 81.2.b requires that the data in the Schedule of Contributions be presented as of the County's current fiscal year as opposed to the valuation measurement date as provided in other schedules of these financial statements.

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RETIREMENT SCHEDULES (Continued)

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 0.0 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2015 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.9% average rate calculated in 12/31/2015 valuation)

Investment Rate of Return 8.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit

payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality In the 2015 actuarial valuation, assumed life expectancies were adjusted as a result of adopting a

new projection scale (110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate Scale) for 2014 and later. Previously Scale AA had been used. The base table is the RP-2000 table projected with Scale AA to 2014.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Record Probation Preservation		Jury]	Law Library	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	330	\$ 38,612	\$ 32,790	\$	50,181
Investments-current		-	-	-		20,000
Taxes receivable		-	-	359		-
Due from general fund		-	-	-		-
Other Assets		-	-	-		-
Total Assets	\$	330	\$ 38,612	\$ 33,149	\$	70,181
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Deficit cash	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_
Accounts payable		1	-	10		152
Due to other funds		-	-	-		-
Wages and salaries payable			 	 		-
Total Liabilities		1	 	 10		152
Deferred Inflows:				 		
Deferred revenue			 	 359		-
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		329	38,612	32,780		70,029
Unassigned			 	 		-
Total Fund Balances		329	 38,612	 32,780		70,029
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	330	\$ 38,612	\$ 33,149	\$	70,181

At	County torney's of Check		District Attorney	At	istricts torney's t Check		A. Drug orfeiture	Court eporter	S	ecurity	Gr	rant
\$	12,103	\$	77,406 - - 1,846	\$	5,483	\$	14,071 - -	\$ 17,358	\$	146 - -	\$ 210	6,934 - -
\$	12,103	\$	79,399	\$	5,483	\$	14,071	\$ 17,358	\$	146	\$ 210	6,934
\$	- - - -	\$	- 16,572 - 11,411	\$	- 188 -	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	762 - 1,643	\$	- 965 - -
_	<u>-</u>	_	27,983		188	_	- - -	- -		2,405		965
_	12,103		51,416		5,295		14,071	 17,358 - 17,358		(2,259) (2,259)		5,969
\$	12,103	\$	79,399	\$	5,483	\$	14,071	\$ 17,358	\$	146		6,934

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Special Forfeiture		Constable 1 Education		Constable 2 Education		Enf	Law orcement acation
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,185	\$	5,092	\$	2,094	\$	7,064
Investments-current		_		_		-		-
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-
Due from other government		-		-		-		-
Other Assets		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	5,185	\$	5,092	\$	2,094	\$	7,064
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE	ES							
Liabilities:								
Deficit cash	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts payable		-		_		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Wages and salaries payable								-
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		
Deferred Inflows:								
Deferred revenue		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		5,185		5,092		2,094		7,064
Unassigned					_			
Total Fund Balances		5,185		5,092		2,094		7,064
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	5,185	\$	5,092	\$	2,094	\$	7,064

Constable 1 Special Forfeiture	D.A. Art 18 Special Forfeiture	JP 1 & 2 & District Clerk Tech Fees	Pre-Trial Fees	Voting Machine	Jail	riff's Office g Forfeiture	Total Jonmajor vernmental Funds
\$ 18,735 - - - -	\$ - 45,353 - - -	\$ 40,980 - - - -	\$ 13,485 - - - -	\$ 60,252 - - - -	\$ 122,226 - - - 1,000	\$ 3,945 - - - -	744,472 65,353 359 1,846 1,147
\$ 18,735	\$ 45,353	\$ 40,980	\$ 13,485	\$ 60,252	\$ 123,226	\$ 3,945	\$ 813,177
\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - 1,632 - 1,632	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 20,282 - 13,054 33,336
				<u> </u>	 -	-	359
18,735	45,353	40,980	13,485	58,620	123,226	 3,945	781,741 (2,259)
\$ 18,735 \$ 18,735	\$ 45,353	\$ 40,980 \$ 40,980	13,485 \$ 13,485	\$ 60,252	\$ 123,226 123,226	\$ 3,945 3,945	\$ 779,482 813,177

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	D. L.C	Record	т	Law
	Probation	Preservation	Jury	Library
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,628	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	-	=	2,414	-
Fines and fees	-	96,011	3,722	10,681
Forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings				_
Total Revenues		96,011	15,764	10,681
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government:				
Public finance	-	-	-	-
General administration	-	89,335	-	-
Judicial	_	- -	11,059	4,279
Capital Outlay:				
Capital outlay	-	16,666	-	-
Total Expenditures		106,001	11,059	4,279
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures		(9,990)	4,705	6,402
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Other revenue	-	-	(644)	-
Transfers in	-	23,733	-	-
Transfers out	-	(23,733)	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(644)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(9,990)	4,061	6,402
Fund Balance-Beginning	329	48,602	28,719	63,627
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ 329	\$ 38,612	\$ 32,780	\$ 70,029

County Attorney's Hot Check	District Attorney	Districts Attorney's Hot Check	y's D.A. Drug Court		Security	Grants
\$ - 1,874 - 15 1,889	\$ - 360,393 - - - 360,393	\$ - 361 - 28 389	\$ - - 4,723 11 4,734	\$ - 3,037 - - 3,037	\$ - 12690 - - 12,690	\$ - 271,156 - - - 271,156
933	376,111 341 376,452	- 12,268 - 12,268	2,732 - - 2,732	- (15) - (15)	53,767 - 448 54,215	50,515 3,779 - 54,294
956	(16,059)	(11,879)	2,002	3,052	(41,525)	216,862
- - -	- 6,000 -	8,587 - -	- - -	- - -	38 38,749	- - -
	6,000	8,587			38,787	
956	(10,059)	(3,292)	2,002	3,052	(2,738)	216,862
11,147 \$ 12,103	61,475 \$ 51,416	8,587 \$ 5,295	12,069 \$ 14,071	14,306 \$ 17,358	479 \$ (2,259)	(893) \$ 215,969

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Special Forfeiture	Constable 1 Education	Constable 2 Education	Law Enforcement Education
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	-	-	-	2,505
Fines and fees	-	665	665	
Forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	-	_	-	-
Total Revenues		665	665	2,505
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government:				
Public finance	-	_	-	-
General administration	-	_	-	_
Judicial	-	76	-	-
Capital Outlay:				
Capital outlay	-	_	-	-
Total Expenditures	-	76	-	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures		589	665	2,505
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Other revenue	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	589	665	2,505
Fund Balance-Beginning	5,185	4,503	1,429	4,559
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ 5,185	\$ 5,092	\$ 2,094	\$ 7,064

Constable 1 Special Forfeiture	D.A. Art 18 Special Forfeiture	JP 1 & 2 & District Clerk Tech Fees	Pre-Trial Fees	Voting Machine Fees	Jail	Sherriff's Office Drug Forfeiture	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ - - - - - 7	\$ - - - - 745 745	\$ - 8,815 - - 8,815	\$ - - 50 - 96 146	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - 5,005 - 5,005	\$ 9,628 636,829 138,210 9,728 902 795,297
336	- - 1 -	- (14) - (14)	- - - -	74,278 1 	- - - - - - 76,774	2,700 - 2,700	273,327 408,814 - 99,314 781,455
(329)	744	8,829	146	(79,364)	(76,774)	2,305	13,842
- - -	1 - -	25,000 (25,000)	- - -	4,284 137,384	200,000	1,640 - -	13,906 430,866 (48,733)
(329)	745	8,829	146	141,668 62,304	200,000	1,640 3,945	396,039 409,881
19,064 \$ 18,735	44,608 \$ 45,353	32,151 \$ 40,980	13,339 \$ 13,485	(3,684)	\$ 123,226	\$ 3,945	369,601 \$ 779,482

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Road and Bridge #1		Road and Bridge #2			Road and Bridge #3
ACCETO						
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,935	\$	138,288	\$	215,743
Investments-current	Ф	23,933	Ф	75,000	Ф	213,743
Taxes receivable		8,728		8,728		8,728
Intergovernmental receivables		-		-		0,720
Prepaid items		3,717		3,911		3,911
Total Assets	\$	38,380	\$	225,927	\$	228,382
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCI	ES					
Liabilities:						
Deficit cash	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Accounts payable	Ψ	7,222	4	24,406	4	4,936
Wages and salaries payable		6,647		8,011		8,079
Total Liabilities		13,869		32,417		13,015
Deferred inflows:						
Deferred revenue		8,728		8,728		8,728
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		3,717		3,911		3,911
Restricted		12,066		180,871		202,728
Unassigned						-
Total Fund Balances	-	15,783		184,782		206,639
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	38,380	\$	225,927	\$	228,382

			Total
Road and	Road and		Road and
Bridge	Bridge	Fema	Bridge
#4	Maintenance	Funds	Funds
e 222.692	¢ 204.720	Φ 4.000	¢ 902.305
\$ 223,682	\$ 284,739	\$ 4,008	\$ 892,395
1,000	257	-	76,000
8,728	257	-	35,169
2 005	-	-	15 444
3,905	-	-	15,444
\$ 237,315	\$ 284,996	\$ 4,008	\$1,019,008
	_	_	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
10,046	987	-	47,597
6,133			28,870
16,179	987		76,467
8,728	257		35,169
3,905	_	_	15,444
208,503	283,752	4,008	891,928
-	203,732	-	-
212,408	283,752	4,008	907,372
\$ 237,315	\$ 284,996	\$ 4,008	\$1,019,008
	201,270		Ψ1,017,000

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Road and Bridge #1	Road and Bridge #2	Road and Bridge #3
REVENUES:			
Taxes:			
Property taxes	\$ 239,314	\$ 239,314	\$ 239,314
Auto registrations	100,380	100,380	100,380
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	7,476	68,676	23,869
Fines and fees	40,860	40,860	40,860
Investment earnings	- -	-	-
Total Revenues	388,030	449,230	404,423
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Roads	463,642	346,204	405,870
Debt Service:			
Debt principal - capital leases	-	-	-
Debt interest - capital leases	-	-	-
Capital Outlay:			
Capital outlay	2,939	158,650	
Total Expenditures	466,581	504,854	405,870
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures	(78,551)	(55,624)	(1,447)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Other revenue	21,515	80,208	17,735
Proceeds from capital leases	-	-	-
Transfers in	20,378	20,378	20,378
Transfers out			_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	41,893	100,586	38,113
Net Change in Fund Balance	(36,658)	44,962	36,666
Fund Balance-Beginning	52,441	139,820	169,973
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ 15,783	\$ 184,782	\$ 206,639

Road and Bridge #4	Road and Bridge Maintenance	Fema Funds	Total Road and Bridge Funds			
\$ 239,314 100,380 38,427 40,860 - 418,981	\$ 6,877 - 80,359 250,635 - 337,871	\$ - - 1,406 - 1,406	\$ 964,133 401,520 218,807 415,481 - 1,999,941			
378,604	4,372	-	1,598,692			
9,000 387,604	4,372	<u>-</u>	170,589 1,769,281			
31,377	333,499	1,406	230,660			
12,962 - 20,378 - 33,340	(30,729) - (81,512) (112,241)	- - - -	101,691 - 81,512 (81,512) 101,691			
64,717 147,691	221,258	1,406 2,602	332,351 575,021			
\$ 212,408	\$ 283,752	\$ 4,008	\$ 907,372			

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT 1 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

					Actual GAAP BASIS		Variance With Final Budget		
		Budgeted	d Amo	ounts				Positive	
		Original		Final	(5	(See Note)		(Negative)	
REVENUES:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	244,325	\$	244,325	\$	239,314	\$	(5,011)	
Auto registrations		95,000		95,000		100,380		5,380	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		7,500		7,500		7,476		(24)	
Fines and fees		40,000		40,000		40,860		860	
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-	
Total Revenues		386,825		386,825		388,030		1,205	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Roads		493,087		495,148		463,642		31,506	
Debt Service:									
Debt principal-capital leases		-		-		-		-	
Debt interest-capital leases		-		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay:									
Capital outlay		5,000		2,939		2,939		-	
Total Expenditures		498,087		498,087		466,581		31,506	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures		(111,262)		(111,262)		(78,551)		32,711	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Other revenue		-		-		21,515		21,515	
Sale of real and personal property		-		-		-		-	
Proceeds from capital leases		_		-		_		_	
Transfers in		111,512		111,512		20,378		(91,134)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	,	111,512		111,512		41,893		(69,619)	
Change in Fund Balance		250		250		(36,658)		(36,908)	
Fund Balance-Beginning		52,441		52,441		52,441		-	
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	52,691	\$	52,691	\$	15,783	\$	(36,908)	

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT 2 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		D 1	l Amounts		Actual GAAP BASIS		Variance With Final Budget Positive		
			i Amo						
DENZENHEG		Original		Final	(;	See Note)	1)	Negative)	
REVENUES:									
Taxes:	¢.	244 225	¢.	244 225	d.	220 214	e	(5.011)	
Property taxes	\$	244,325	\$	244,325	\$	239,314	\$	(5,011) 5,380	
Auto registrations		95,000		95,000		100,380			
Intergovernmental revenue and grants Fines and fees		7,500		7,500		68,676		61,176	
		40,000		40,000		40,860		860	
Investment earnings Total Revenues		386,825		386,825		449,230		62,405	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Roads		425,054		422,954		346,204		76,750	
Debt Service:									
Debt principal-capital leases		-		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay:									
Capital outlay		156,550		158,650		158,650		-	
Total Expenditures		581,604		581,604		504,854		76,750	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures		(194,779)		(194,779)		(55,624)		139,155	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Other revenue		34,225		34,225		80,208		45,983	
Sale of real and personal property		-		-		-		-	
Proceeds from capital leases		-		-		-		-	
Transfers in		161,512		161,512		20,378		(141,134)	
Transfers out (use)		-		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		195,737		195,737		100,586		(95,151)	
Change in Fund Balance		958		958		44,962		44,004	
Fund Balance-Beginning		139,820		139,820		139,820		-	
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	140,778	\$	140,778	\$	184,782	\$	44,004	

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT 3 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual GAAP BASIS		Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	 Original	Tillo	Final		See Note)		Negative)
REVENUES:	Original		1 mai	(,	300 11010)	(-	(tegative)
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$ 244,325	\$	244,325	\$	239,314	\$	(5,011)
Auto registrations	95,000		95,000		100,380		5,380
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	22,500		22,500		23,869		1,369
Fines and fees	40,000		40,000		40,860		860
Investment earnings	-		-		-		-
Total Revenues	401,825		401,825		404,423		2,598
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Roads	474,420		479,201		405,870		73,331
Debt Service:							
Debt principal-capital leases	-		-		-		-
Debt interest-capital leases	-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay:							
Capital outlay	 1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Total Expenditures	 475,420		480,201		405,870		74,331
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	 (73,595)		(78,376)		(1,447)		76,929
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Other revenue	7,000		11,961		17,735		(5,774)
Sale of real and personal property	-		-		-		-
Proceeds from capital leases	-		-		-		-
Transfers in	 141,512		141,512		20,378		(121,134)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 148,512		153,473		38,113		(126,908)
Change in Fund Balance	74,917		75,097		36,666		(49,979)
Fund Balance-Beginning	169,973		169,973		169,973		_
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ 244,890	\$	245,070	\$	206,639	\$	(49,979)

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT 4 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		Budgeted	l Amo	unte	GA	Actual GAAP BASIS		Variance With Final Budget Positive	
		Original	AIIIO	Final		See Note)		Negative)	
REVENUES:		Original		Tillal	(,	see Note)	(1	(Negative)	
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	244,325	\$	244,325	\$	239,314	\$	(5,011)	
Auto registrations	Ψ	95,000	Ψ	95,000	Ψ	100,380	Ψ	5,380	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		58,684		58,684		38,427		(20,257)	
Fines and fees		40,000		40,000		40,860		860	
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-	
Total Revenues		438,009		438,009		418,981		(19,028)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Roads		525,090		525,090		378,604		146,486	
Debt Service:									
Debt principal-capital leases		-		-		-		-	
Debt interest-capital leases		-		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay:									
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000		9,000		41,000	
Total Expenditures		575,090		575,090		387,604		187,486	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures		(137,081)		(137,081)		31,377		168,458	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Sale of real and personal property		-		-		-		-	
Other revenues		-		-		12,962		12,962	
Transfers in		151,512		151,512		20,378		(131,134)	
Transfers out (use)		-		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		151,512		151,512		33,340		(118,172)	
Change in Fund Balance		14,431		14,431		64,717		50,286	
Fund Balance-Beginning		147,691		147,691		147,691		-	
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	162,122	\$	162,122	\$	212,408	\$	50,286	

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE MAINTENANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual GAAP BASIS		Variance With Final Budget Positive		
		Original	1 Amo	Final		See Note)		(Negative)	
REVENUES:	<u>'</u>	Original		ГШаі	(,	see Note)	(1)	vegative)	
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	7,021	\$	7,021	\$	6,877	\$	(144)	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		75,000		75,000		80,359		5,359	
Fines and fees		270,000		270,000		250,635		(19,365)	
Investment earnings		25		25		-		(25)	
Total Revenues		352,046		352,046		337,871		(14,175)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Roads		25,000		25,000		4,372		20,628	
Debt Service:								-	
Debt principal-capital leases		-		-		-		-	
Debt interest-capital leases		-		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay:								-	
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		25,000		25,000		4,372		20,628	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures		327,046		327,046		333,499		6,453	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Sale of real and personal property		-		-		-		-	
Other revenues		-		-		(30,729)		(30,729)	
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out (use)		(326,047)		(326,047)		(81,512)		244,535	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(326,047)		(326,047)		(112,241)		213,806	
Change in Fund Balance		999		999		221,258		220,259	
Fund Balance-Beginning		62,494		62,494		62,494			
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	63,493	\$	63,493	\$	283,752	\$	220,259	

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FEMA FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

					,	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
	Budgeted Amounts				GAA	AP BASIS	Positive	
	О	riginal	Final		(See Note)		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Administration Fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,406	\$	1,406
Total Revenues		-		-		1,406		1,406
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
FEMA Expense				_				-
Total Expenditures		-				-		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		1,406		1,406
Fund Balance-Beginning		2,602		2,602		2,602		-
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	2,602	\$	2,602	\$	4,008	\$	1,406

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	BALANCE OCTOBER 1			BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30
	2015	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	2016
SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,965	\$ 56,048	\$ 54,868	\$ 10,145
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 8,965	\$ 56,048	\$ 54,868	\$ 10,145
DISTRICT CLERK Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 99,944	\$ 713,020	\$ 200,402	\$ 612,562
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 99,944	\$ 713,020	\$ 200,402	\$ 612,562
COUNTY CLERK				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 143,770	\$ 3,212	\$ 1,065	\$ 145,918
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 176,358	\$ 3,212	\$ 1,065	\$ 145,918
TAX ASSESSOR/COLLECTOR				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 466,929	\$ 27,328,900	\$ 27,562,270	\$ 233,559
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 501,928	\$ 27,328,900	\$ 27,562,270	\$ 233,559
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE #1				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,959	\$ 8,307	\$ 15,615	\$ 1,651
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 23,824	\$ 8,307	\$ 15,615	\$ 1,651
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 728,567	\$ 28,109,487	\$ 27,834,220	\$ 1,003,834
Total Assets	\$ 728,567	\$ 28,109,487	\$ 27,834,220	\$ 1,003,834
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 728,567	\$ 28,109,487	\$ 27,834,220	\$ 1,003,834
Total Liabilities	\$ 728,567	\$ 28,109,487	\$ 27,834,220	\$ 1,003,834